

PSHE (Personal, Social, Health Education) Policy

(including Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education, statutory from September 2020)

Name of school	
St. Paul's School	
Date of policy	
26/01/24	
Nember of staff responsible	
Sarah Hyde	
Review date	
26/01/25	

Context

All schools must provide a curriculum that is broadly based, balanced and meets the needs of all pupils. Under section 78 of the Education Act 2002 and the Academies Act 2010, a PSHE curriculum:

- Promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- Prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

PSHE

At St. Paul's School, we teach Personal, Social, Health Education as a whole-school approach to underpin students' development as people and because we believe that this also supports their learning capacity.

Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, provides a programme which offers us a comprehensive, carefully thought-through Scheme of Work bringing consistency and progression to our students' learning in this vital curriculum area.

The overview of the programme can be seen on the school website.

This also supports the "Personal Development" and "Behaviour and Attitude" aspects required under the Ofsted Inspection Framework, as well as significantly contributing to the school's Safeguarding and Equality Duties, the Government's British Values agenda and the SMSC (Spiritual, Moral, Social, Cultural) development opportunities provided for our young people.

Statutory RSE and Health Education

"The Relationships Education, Relationships and Sex Education and Health Education (England) Regulations 2019, made under sections 34 and 35 of the Children and Social Work Act 2017, make Relationships and Sex Education compulsory for all pupils receiving secondary education... They also make Health Education compulsory in all schools except independent schools. Personal, Social, Health and Economic Education (PSHE) continues to be compulsory in independent schools." DfE Guidance p.8. "Today's children and young people are growing up in an increasingly complex world and living their lives seamlessly on and offline. This presents many positive and exciting opportunities, but also challenges and risks. In this environment, children and young people need to know how to be safe and healthy, and how to manage their academic, personal and social lives in a positive way."

"This is why we have made Relationships Education compulsory in all primary schools in England and Relationships and Sex Education compulsory in all secondary schools, as well as making Health Education compulsory in all state-funded schools."

"In primary schools, we want the subjects to put in place the key building blocks of healthy, respectful relationships, focusing on family and friendships, in all contexts, including online. This will sit alongside the essential understanding of how to be healthy. At secondary, teaching will build on the knowledge acquired at primaryand develop further pupils' understanding of health, with an increased focus on risk areas such as drugs and alcohol, as well as introducing knowledge about intimate rlationships and sex."

"These subjects represent a huge opportunity to help our children and young people develop. The knowledge and attributes gained will support their own, and others' wellbeing and attainment and help young people to become successful and happy adults who make a meaningful contribution to society."

Secretary of State Foreword, DfE Guidance 2019 p.4-5.

"Schools are free to determine how to deliver the content set out in the DfE guidance 2019 in the context of a broad and balanced curriculum. Effective teaching in these subjects will ensure that core knowledge is broken down into units of manageable size and communicated clearly to pupils, in a carefully sequenced way, within a planned programme of lessons."

DfE Guidance p.8

"All schools must have in place a written policy for Relationships and Sex Education."

DfE Guidance p.11.

Here, at St. Paul's School we value PSHE as a way to support students' development as human beings, to enable them to understand and respect who they are, to empower them with a voice and to equip them for life and learning.

We include the statutory Relationships , Sex and Health Education within our whole-school PSHE Programme.

To ensure progression and a spiral curriculum, we use Jigsaw, the mindful approach to PSHE, as our chosen teaching and learning programme and tailor it to our students' needs. The mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and statutory RSE and Health Education', shows exactly how Jigsaw and , therefore, our school, meets the statutory RSE and Health Education requirements.

This programme's complimentary update policy ensures we are always using the most up-to-date teaching materials and that our teachers are well-supported.

Our PSHE policy is informed by existing DfE guidance:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education (statutory guidance)
- Respectful School Communities: Self Review and Signposting Tool (a tool to support a whole school approach that promotes respect and discipline)

- Behaviour and Discipline in Schools (advice for schools, including advice for appropriate behaviour between pupils)
- Equality Act 2010 and schools
- SEND code of practice: 0 to 25 years (statutory guidance)
- Alternative Provision (statutory guidance)
- Mental Health and Behaviour in Schools (advice for schools)
- Preventing and Tackling Bullying (advice for schools, including advice on cyberbullying)
- Sexual violence and sexual harassment between children in schools (advice for schools)
- The Equality and Human Rights Commission Advice and Guidance (provides advice on avoiding discrimination in a variety of educational contexts)
- Promoting Fundamental British Values as part of SMSC in schools (guidance for maintained schools on promoting basic important British values as part of pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC)
- SMSC requirements for independent schools (guidance for independent schools on how they should support pupils' spiritual, moral, social and cultural development).

The Jigsaw Programme is aligned to the PSHE Association Programmes of Study for PSHE (mapping document available on the Community Area of <u>www.jigsawpshe.com</u>) and aligned to the definitions of Relationships and Sex Education offered by the Sex Education Forum (National Children's Bureau, April 2020).

What do we teach when and who teaches it?

Whole-school approach

The Jigsaw Programme covers all areas of PSHE for the secondary phase including statutory RSE and Health Education. The table below gives the learning theme of each of the six Puzzles (units) and these are taught across the school; the learning deepens and broadens every year.

Term	Puzzle (Unit)	Content			
Autumn 1:	Being Me in My World	Includes understanding my own identity and how I fit well in the class, school and global community. Jigsaw Charter established.			
Autumn 2:	Celebrating Difference	Includes anti-bullying (cyber and homophobic bullying included) and understanding difference, Equality Act			
Spring 1:	Dreams and Goals	Includes goal-setting, aspirations, who do I want to become and what would I like to do for work and to contribute to society			
Spring 2:	Healthy Me	Includes drugs and alcohol education, self-esteem and confidence as well as healthy lifestyle choices, sleep, nutrition, rest and exercise			
Summer 1:	Relationships	Includes understanding friendship, family, intimate relationships and other relationships, conflict resolution and communication skills, bereavement and loss			
Summer 2:	Changing Me	Includes Relationships and Sex Education in the context of			

At St. Paul's School we allocate one hour to each year group to PSHE lessons each week, in order to teach the PSHE knowledge and skills in a developmental and age-appropriate way. We use 15 minute form times each morning and a weekly assembly to reinforce.

These explicit lessons are reinforced and enhanced in many ways:

- assemblies and collective worship,
- praise and reward system,
- school values,
- through relationships student to student, adult to student and adult to adult across the school.
- We aim to 'live' what is learnt and apply it to everyday situations in the school community.
- A dedicated PSHE tutor delivers the weekly lessons.
- Each lesson has a one-hour timetabled slot each week.

Relationships and Sex Education

"The aim of RSE is to give young people the information they need to help them develop healthy, nurturing relationships of all kinds, not just intimate relationships. It should enable them to know what a healthy relationship looks like...it should also cover contraception, developing intimate relationships and resisting pressure to have sex (and not applying pressure). It should teach what is acceptable and unacceptable behaviour in relationships...

Effective RSE also supports people, throughout life, to develop safe, fulfilling and healthy sexual relationships, at the appropriate time.

RSE should provide clear progression from what is taught in primary school in Relationships Education.

Pupils should understand the benefits of healthy relationships to their mental wellbeing and selfrespect." DfE Guidance page 25

"In teaching Relationships Education and RSE, schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of The Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

We expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum." DfE Guidance page 15

The Sex Education Forum offers the following definitions:

"Sex education is learning about the physical, social, legal and emotional aspects of human sexuality and behaviour, including human reproduction. This includes conception and contraception, safer sex, sexually transmitted infections and sexual health."

"Relationships education is learning about the physical, social, legal and emotional aspects of human relationships including friendships, intimate, sexual and committed relationships and family life.

Relationships education supports children to be safe, happy and healthy in their interactions with others now and in the future."

Sex Education Forum, 2020

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Relationships Education expect young people to know by the time they leave secondary school?

RSE in secondary schools will cover 'Families', 'Respectful relationships including friendships', 'Online and media', 'Being safe' and 'Intimate sexual relationships, including sexual health'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and Statutory RSE and Health Education'.

It is important to explain that whilst the Relationships Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Relationships Education, the Changing Me Puzzle covers much of the Sex Education and the Healthy Me Puzzle covers much of the Health Education, some of the outcomes are also taught elsewhere in Jigsaw. This holistic approach ensures the learning is reinforced through the year and across the curriculum.

Health Education

"It is important that the starting point for health and wellbeing education should be a focus on enabling pupils to make well-informed, positive choices for themselves."

DfE Guidance page 35.

What does the DfE statutory guidance on Health Education expect young people to know by the time they leave secondary school?

Health Education in secondary schools will cover 'Mental wellbeing', 'Internet safety and harms', Physical health and fitness', Healthy eating', 'Drugs, alcohol and tobacco', 'Health and prevention', 'Basic First Aid', 'Changing adolescent body'.

The expected outcomes for each of these elements can be found further on in this policy. The way the Jigsaw Programme covers these is explained in the mapping document, 'Jigsaw 11-16 and Statutory RSE and Health Education'.

It is important to explain that whilst the Healthy Me Puzzle (unit) in Jigsaw covers most of the statutory Health Education, some of the outcomes are taught elsewhere in Jigsaw, e.g. emotional and mental health is nurtured every lesson through mindfulness practice and respect is enhanced through the use of the Jigsaw Charter.

Again, the mapping document shows transparently how the Jigsaw whole-school approach spirals the learning and meets all statutory requirements and more.

Sex Education

The DfE Guidance 2019 integrates Relationships and Sex Education at secondary school level.

Most of the DfE outcomes relating to Sex Education sit withing the 'Intimate and sexual relationships, including sexual health' section of the guidance and include aspects like:

• the facts about reproductive health...

- the facts about the full range of contraceptive choices ...
- how the different sexually transmitted infections (STIs), including HIV/AIDS, are transmitted...
- how to get further advice...
- consent and the law

DfE Guidance page29.

At St. Paul's School we agree with the Sex Education Forum definition of Sex Education (as above).

The Jigsaw PSHE Programme also reflects this, making it possible for us to identify which lessons specifically address these aspects of learning, thereby making it straightforward for us to communicate this to parents/carers in relation to their right to request to withdraw their children from Sex Education.

Parents' right to request their child be withdrawn from Sex Education

"Parents have the right to request that their child be withdrawn from some or all of sex education delivered as part of statutory RSE...

... except in exceptional circumstances, the school should respect the parents' request to withdraw the child, up to and until three terms before the child turns 16. After that point, if the child wishes to receive sex education rather than be withdrawn, the school should make arrangements to provide the child with sex education during one of those Terms".

DfE Guidance pages 17/18.

Should parents wish to discuss withdrawing their child from Sex Education, they are advised to ring the school office on 0121 464 4376 or email schooloffice@stpaulstrust.org.uk.

Monitoring and Review

The Curriculum Committee of the governing body monitors this policy on an annual basis. This committee reports its findings and recommendations to the full governing body, as necessary, if the policy needs modification. The Curriculum Committee gives serious consideration to any comments from parents about the PSHE (RSHE) programme, and makes a record of all such comments. Governors scrutinise and ratify teaching materials to check they are in accordance with the school's ethos.

Inclusion and SEND

At St. Paul's School we pride ourselves on our inclusive policy and on how we make provision for all stduents' needs.

St Paul's School is an inclusive, diverse and compassionate SEN School supporting young people with a primary need of social, emotional and mental health difficulties. We have built a culture which fosters it's values at the heart of all that we do. PSHE is differentiated and personalised by our values to include:

Honesty Empathy Ambition Respect Trust

Our staff are dedicated, compassionate and supportive. They have high expectations for themselves and our pupils.

Our restorative and trauma informed approach provides pupils with a safe school community where they are listened to, and where every action and interaction provides a learning opportunity. We

look for opportunities for each child. Our curriculum is broad and balanced, offering pupils with an engaging and relevant learning experience that will equip them with the skills they will need to successfully transition into their next chapter of education and / or employment.

We encourage pupils to **BELIEVE** in themselves, to set out to **ACHIEVE** their targets and ultimately go on to **SUCCEED**.

Equality

This policy will inform the school's Equalities Policy

The DfE Guidance 2019 (p.15) states, "Schools should ensure that the needs of all pupils are appropriately met, and that all pupils understand the importance of equality and respect. Schools must ensure they comply with the relevant provisions of the Equality Act 2010 under which sexual orientation and gender reassignment are amongst the protected characteristics...

At the point at which schools consider it appropriate to teach their pupils about LGBT (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender), they should ensure this content is fully integrated into their programmes of study for this area of the curriculum rather than delivered as a stand-alone unit or lesson. Schools are free to determine how they do this, and we expect all pupils to have been taught LGBT content at a timely point as part of this area of the curriculum".

At St. Paul's School we promote respect for all and value every individual student. We also respect the right of our students, their families and our staff, to hold beliefs, religious or otherwise, and understand that sometimes these may be in tension with our approach to some aspects of RSE and Health Education.

Policy Review

This policy is reviewed annually.

	Signed Headteacher	Signed Chair of Governors
Date of review:		
26/01/24	Trigde	
Date of next review:		
26/01/25		

Jigsaw PSHE documents needed to explain this policy (attach as required):

• Jigsaw 11-16 and statutory RSE and Health Education (mapping document)

Snapshot Jigsaw PSHE 11-16

Shows the summary of subject content in each Puzzle (unit)

(Updated September 2023) Shows the summary of subject content in each Puzzle (unit)					The manufact approach to Plant 11-16	
Year/ Age	Being Me in My World	Celebrating Difference	Dreams and Goals	Healthy Me	Relationships	Changing Me
Year 7 (11-12)	Unique me, differences & conflict. My influences, gateway emotions, belonging to a group, peer pressure, child on child abuse. Online safety, sexting, consequences, online legislation	Bullying, prejudice & discrimination (positive and negative) Equality Act, bystanders, stereotyping, challenging influences, negative behaviour and attitudes, assertiveness	Celebrating success, identifying goals, employment, learning from mistakes, overcoming challenges, planning skills. Safe & unsafe choices, substances, gangs, knives, exploitation. Emergency first aid	Stress and anxiety, managing mental health, physical activity and mental health. Effects of substances, legal consequences. Nutrition and sleep. Vaccination, importance of information on making health choices	Characteristics of healthy relationships, consent. Relationships and change, emotions within friendships, child on child abuse. Rights and responsibilities, being discerning, assertiveness, sexting	Puberty changes, Reproduction facts, FGM, breast flattening/ironing. Responsibilities of parenthood, IVF, types of committed relationships. Media and self-esteem, self-image, brain changes in puberty, factors affecting moods, sources of help and support
Year 8 (12-13)	Self-identity, influences, family and identity. Stereotypes, personal beliefs and judgements. Managing expectations, first impressions, respect for the beliefs of others. Marriage, protected characteristics. Active listening	Positive change made by others, how positive behaviour affects feelings of wellbeing. Social injustice, inequality, community cohesion and support, multi-culturalism, diversity, race and religion. Stereotypes, prejudice, LGBT+ bullying, chld on child abuse, hate crimes. Fear & emotions, stand up to bullying, the golden rule.Organ and blood donation	Long-term goals, skills, qualifications, careers, Money and happiness. Ethics and mental wellbeing, budgeting, variation in income, positive and negative impact of money. Online safety and legal responsibilities, gambling issues.	Long-term physical health, responsibility for own health. Dental health, stress triggers and help tips, substances and mood. Legislation associated with substances, exploitation and substances, county lines. Medicine and vaccinations.	Positive relationship with self, social media and relationship with self, negative self-talk. Managing a range of relationships, child on child abuse, personal space. Online etiquette, online privacy, bullying and personal safety. Social media issues and the law, coercion, unhealthy balance of power in relationships, sources of support	Types of close intimate relationships, physical attraction, love. Legal status of relationships, behaviours in healthy and unhealthy romantic relationships, pornography, sexuality, alcohol and risky behaviour
Year 9 (13-14)	Perceptions about intimate relationships, consent. Sexual exploitation, peer approval, child on child abuse, grooming, radicalization, county lines. Risky experimentation, positive and negative self- identity, groups, influences, social media. Abuse and coercion, coercive control.	Protected characteristics, Equality Act, phobic and racist language. Legal consequences of bullying and hate crime, sexism, ageism, positive and negative language, banter, child on child abuse, bullying in the workplace. Direct and indirect discrimination, harassment, victimisation. Prejudice, discrimination and stereotyping	Personal strengths, health goals, SMART planning. The world of work. Links between body image and mental health. Non-financial dreams and goals. Mental health and ill health, media manipulation, self-harm, self-esteem, stigma, anxiety disorders, eating disorders, depression.	Misperceptions about young peoples' health choices, physical and psychological effects of drugs and alcohol. Alcohol and the law, alcohol and drug poisoning, addiction, smoking, vaping, drug classification, supply and possession legislation. Emergency situations, first aid, CPR, substances and safety, sources of advice and support	Healthy relationships, power and control in intimate relationships, risk in intimate relationships, importance of sexual consent, assertiveness skills, sex and the law, pornography and stereotypes, contraception choices, age of consent, family planning, consequences of unprotected sex, STIs, support and advice services	Mental health stigma, triggers, support strategies, managing emotional changes, resilience and how to improve it, reflection on importance of sleep in relation to mental health, reflection on changes, benefits of relaxation

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Year 10 (14-15)	Human rights, societal freedom, understanding safety in UK and beyond. Ending relationships safely, stages of grief, loss and bereavement. Social media and culture, use of online sdata, threats to online safety, online identity. Assessing and managing risk, the law and social media. Positive and negative relationships	Equality in the workplace, in society, in relationships, Equality at 2010, vulnerable groups including disability and hidden disability, work- place expectations, rights and responsibilities, power and control in relationships, coercive control, benefits of multi-cultural societies, Equity equality and inequality, my health.	Impact of physical health in reaching goals, realtionships and reaching goals. Resilience, work-life balance, connections and impact of mental health. Balanced diet, vital organs, blood donation, benefits of helping others. Online profile and impact on future goals and employa- bility.	Improving health, men- tal health, sexual health, blood-borne infections, self examination. Diet and long term health, misuse of prescription drugs, sunstances and the body. Common mental health disorders, positive impact of volunteering. Common threats to health including chronic disease. Epidemics, misuse of antibi- otics, organ donation, stem cells	Sustaining long-term realtion- ships, intimacy, healthy rela- tionship with self, attraction, love, lust. Realtionship choices, ending relationships safely, con- sequences of realtionships ending e.g bullying, child on child abuse, revenge porn, greif cycle, impact on family. Understanding love, fake news, pornography.	Impact of societal change on young people, role of media on societal change, reflection on change so far and how to manage it successfully. Desicion-making, sexual identity, gender, spectrum of sexuality. Stereotypes in romatic rela- tionships, sexual identity and risk, physical and emotional risk, physical and emotional changes, family change, sources fo support.
Year 11 (15-16)	Becoming an adult. Age timits and the law relationships and the law, consent, coercive control, child on child abuse, domour-based, violence, arranged and forced marriages The Equality Act 2010. The law on internet use and pornography, social media concerns, sexting keeping safe. Emergency situations, key advice, first aid, scenarios and consequences		Anxiety, solution focused thinking, sleep, relaxation, aspiration or; career, fnanc- es, budgeting, borrowing, realtionships. Skills identification, realistic goals, gambling, financial pressure, debt, dream jobs, skills set, employment, edu- cation and training options. Long term relationship dresms and goals, parent- ing skills and challenges. Resillience, what to do when things go wrong.	Managing anxiety and stess, exam pressure, concentration strategies, work-life balance. Sexual health, hygiene, self examination. STIs, sexual pressure, fer- tility issues, contracetpion, consent. Pregnancy choices including; adoption, abortion, bringing up a baby, financial implica- tions. Identiying a nrange of risks including rape and strategies for staying safe. Expectations in relationships	Stages of intimate realtion- ships, positive and negative connotations of sex. Spectrum of gender and sexu- ality, LBBT right and protenc- tion under the Equality Act, coming out challenges, LGBT media sterotypes. Child on child abuse, power control and sexual experi- mentation. Forced marraige, honour based violence, FGM and other abuses, hate crime, sources of support.	